





## HELMBOLD'S

**HELMBOLD'S  
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU**

**F**OR Non Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel or Back Dust Deposit, and all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings.

**HELMBOLD'S  
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU**

**F**OR WEAKNESS ARISING FROM EXCESSES OR INDISCRETION.

The Constitution once affected with Organ-Weakness, requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. No treatment be submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

**HELMBOLD'S  
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU**

For affections peculiar to females, is unequalled in any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, Retention, Irregularities, painfulness or suppression of customary evacuations, Ulcerated Scirrus state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa, and all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dissipation, immoderate ences, or in the Decline or Change in life.

**HELMBOLD'S  
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU**

AND

**IMPROVED ROSE WASH**

(it) radically exterminate from the system  
diseases of the Urinary Organs arising from  
habits of Dissipation at little expense; little  
no change in diet, and no exposure; com-  
pletely superseding those unpleasant and  
dangerous remedies, Copoiva and Mercury,  
curing all these unpleasant and dangerous  
cases.

USE

**HELMBOLD'S**

**LIQID EXTRACT BUCHU**

All cases of the Urinary Organs, whether  
existing in male or female, from whatever  
use originating, and no matter of how long  
standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor,  
immediate in its action, and more strength-  
ening than any of the preparations of Bark  
Iron.

Those suffering from Broken-down or Delicate  
Constitutions, procure the remedy at  
once.

The reader must be aware that however  
great may be the attack of the above diseases,  
is certain to affect his bodily health, mem-  
bers, and happiness, and that of his  
family. Our flesh and blood are supported  
by the blood.

PHYSICIANS, PLEASE NOTICE.  
We make no secret of the ingredients.—  
Blumhof's Fluid Extract Buchu is composed  
of Buchu, Catucls and Juniper Berries, selected  
with great care, and prepared in vacuo  
by H. T. Blumhof, Druggist and Chemist,  
sixteen years' experience in the city of  
Philadelphia, and which is now prescribed  
by the most eminent physicians, has been  
permitted to use in the United States Army,  
it is also in very general use in State  
Hospitals and public Sanitary Institutions  
throughout the land.

**BUCHU.**

(From Dispensary of the United States.)  
OSMA CRENATA. BUCHU LEAVES.  
PROPERTIES.—Their odor is strong, diffu-  
sive, and somewhat aromatic; their tastes  
astringent and analogous to mint.  
MEDICAL PROPERTIES AND USES.—  
Buchu leaves are gently stimulants, with  
peculiar tendency to the Urinary Organs,  
exciting diuretics, and like other similar  
diuretics, exciting diaphoresis, when circum-  
stances favor this mode of action.  
They are given in complaints of the Uri-  
nary Organs, such as Gravel, Chronic Ca-  
tarrh of the Bladder, Mercurial Irritation of  
the Bladder and Urethra, Disease of the  
Prostate, and Retention of Urine, in the  
female, from a loss of tone in the parts con-  
cerned in its evacuation. The remedy has  
been recommended in Dyspepsia, Chron-  
ic Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections, and  
Erysipelas.  
Blumhof's Extract Buchu is used by  
children from the ages 18 to 25, and from 35

Dr. Keyser is a Physician of over twenty years' experience, and a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College and of the University of Medicine and Surgery of Philadelphia.

**H. T. HELLMOLD:**—In regard to the question asked as to my opinion about Buchu, I would say that I have never sold the article in any form for the past thirty years. I do not think there is any form of preparation in which it has not used or known to be used, in various diseases where such medicated it would be indicated. You are aware, well as myself, that it has been extensively employed in the various diseases of the bladder, kidneys, and the reputation it has earned in my judgment is warranted by facts.

It has been and used, as before stated, in the form of Buchu—the powdered leaves, simple decoction, tincture, fluid, extract,

I am not cognizant of any preparation that plant at all equal to yours. Twelve years' experience ought, I think, to give me right to judge of its merits, and without undue or partiality, I give yours precedence over all others. I do not value a thing as being in its bulk, if I did other doctors would do so, but I hold to the doctrine that bulk and quantity do not make up value; they did a copper cent would be worth more than a gold dollar.

Value your Buchu for its effect on patients. I have cured with it, and seen cured with it, more diseases of the bladder and kidneys than any other.

At any other proprietary compound, I have never seen cured with any other.

Very respectfully, yours, &c.,  
GEO. W. KAYE, M. D.  
140 Wood St., Pittsburg, Pa.

Aug. 11, 1865.

Ask for Helmhold's Fluid Extract Buchu.

Direct letters to  
**HELMBOLD'S**  
 Drug and Chemical Warehouse,  
 No. 594 Broadway, New York, or  
**HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,**  
 104 South Tenth Street, Below Chestnut,  
 Philadelphia.  
 Sold by Druggists everywhere.  
**WARE OF COUNTERFEITS.**  
 ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S.  
 TAKE NO OTHER.  
 t. 10.—ly.

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**Picture Frames.**  
 A GREAT variety of PICTURE FRAMES,  
 of plain and convex glasses: for sale at  
 the Drug and Variety store.  
 at 27, '66.

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**VENUE STAMPS** of every denomination  
 constantly on hand and for sale at the



**Money Saved is Money Made.**

**CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED, AND PRICES REDUCED!**

**T**HE undersigned most respectfully invite their old customers and the public generally to call and see their Goods at the new prices. We have a **FULL AND SELECTED STOCK**, which we have concluded to run off at the lowest possible prices.— We intend doing what we say; therefore all persons desirous of making money in the easiest way (by saving it in their purchases) will not fail to give us a call, as we promise them they shall not be disappointed.

We are thankful for the past very liberal patronage we have received, and trust that

we solicit merit a contribution of the same; and more—as we shall use our best endeavors to please all who may favor us with a call.

**Don't forget the place.**  
**DANNER & SHIELDS,**  
Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.  
N. B.—We are Agents for Miller's Superior Family Flour, and Johnson's celebrated Blasting Powder. [Feb. 20,

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**The Great Bone Fertilizer.**

**B**AUGH'S **RAW BONE PHOSPHATE**, containing 63 per cent. of Phosphate of Lime, and 3.95 per cent. Ammonia.

It should be borne in mind that the Phosphate of Lime in this article being obtained exclusively from RAW BONES and a TRUE BIRD GUANO, there is NO PORTION of it INOPERATIVE, as in the case of SUPER PHOSPHATES made from MINERAL GUANOS—but being entirely SOLUBLE in the SOIL, continues to IMPART its FERTILIZING qualities to the CROPS for YEARS.

THE MARKABLE SUCCESS which has attended its use for years past, is a sufficient GUARANTEE to induce those who have not tried it to do so.

THE GRAIN CROP where this FERTILIZER has been applied is supposed to have been INCREASED from 25 to 50 per cent. by its use, while for TOBACCO and GRASS LANDS its success has been EQUALLY DECIDED.

It is put up in BAUGH'S PATENT Bags with the

Manufacturer's Factory Price.

GEORGE DUGDALE,  
Manufacturer's Agent,  
105 Smith's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.

For sale at Manufacturer's Price. Cost of  
Transportation added by

SAMUEL HERBST, Gettysburg,  
DAVID HOKK, New Oxford.

Feb. 6.—3m.

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
**Carriage-Making Resumed.**

THE war being over, the undersigned have  
resumed the

**CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS.**

At their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

**CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.,**  
on hand, which they will dispose of at the  
lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied

as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.  
 **REPAIRING**  
 done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.  
 A large lot of new and old HATNESS on  
 hand for sale.  
 Thankful for the liberal patronage hereto-  
 fore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will  
 endeavor to deserve a large share in the  
 future. **DANNER & ZIEGLER.**  
 July 11.—11f.

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**CLOTHING.**

GEORGE ARNOLD,  
HAS now on hand the largest Stock of ready

I made CLOTHING in town, consisting of DRESS COATS and BUSINESS COATS, of every description, OVER COATS, in great variety, Monkey Jackets, Vests, Pantalones, Shirts, Drawers, Gloves and Hosiery, stacks of them.

My best clothing are mostly of my own manufacturing, and will be warranted well made, and well trimmed.

Together with a large stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Jeans, Drillings, Shirtings, Flannel, &c. Also, Beaver Clothing, Dog Skins, Outer Coatings and Trimmings in great variety, all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest. Call and see them.

Gettysburg, Sept. 26. 8m.

**\$1.500** PER YEAR! We want customers everywhere to sell

our improved \$20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machines sold in United States for less than \$40, which are fully licensed by *Horne, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover, Baker, Singer & Co.* and *Bachelder*. All other cheap machines are infringements and the seller or user are liable to arrest, fine, and imprisonment. Circulars free. Address or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddisford, Maine.

Dec. 25.—17.

**D**RAPNESS, Blindness and Catarrh, treated with a sure and pleasant success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, formerly of London, Holland N. No. 519 Pine Street, Philadelphia.

Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and County can be

seen at this Office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination. [June 28.—1y.]

**The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ.**

FOURTY different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for \$50 to 600 each. FIFTY-ONE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address MASON & HAM-

LIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York. [Sept. 12.—1y.

**Gold Coin and Coupons,**  
**B**UGHT at the First National Bank of Gettysburg. **GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.**  
 Oct. 31.

**CLOCKS.**—Now on hand **CLOCKS** in great variety, from factories of the highest reputation in the country, and warranted good timekeepers, call on

arg. Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

**Town Property**  
**AT PRIVATE SALE**—Several **HOUSES**  
 can be purchased at Private Sale by call-  
 ing on **FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.**  
 Jan. 16.—4f.

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**John W. Tipton,** North-east cor-  
 ner of the Diamond, (next door to Mc-  
 Clellan's Hotel), Gettysburg, Pa., where he can  
 at all times be found ready to attend to all busi-  
 ness in his line. He has also excellent assistance  
 and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a

150 Men Wanted.

TO purchase Over Coats, at very reduced prices, at **PICKING'S**

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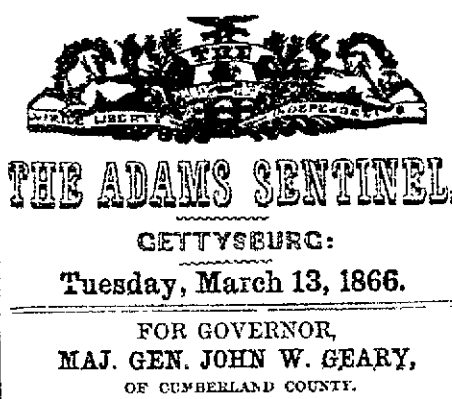
**IN ORDER**

TO make room for spring purchases

**PICKING** is selling Dress Coats very cheap.

PRICES REDUCED.  
PICKING is selling his Business Costs at  
extremely low rates. a  
ANY QUANTITY  
OF all kinds of Vests cheap  
at PICKING'S





FOR GOVERNOR,  
MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,  
OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Reduction of Prices.

The reduction in the price of gold ought to produce a general reduction in all the articles of prime necessity. So far, we have heard of but one branch of business that has yielded to this inevitable result. During the past two weeks there has been a decline in the whole-sale and retail prices of dry goods of all descriptions of fully thirty per cent. Groceries, flour, provisions, beef and market produce still keep at the highest figures of the year. Prices must come down, and the sooner the large holders yield to the inevitable pressure for a receding scale, the better it will be for them in the long run. The Spring trade will soon open, and if the present prices are maintained purchasers will buy only what they must have, and wait, or seek a more liberal market.

There will be preaching in the United Presbyterian Church of Gettysburg, on the third and fourth Sabbaths of this month, by the Rev. S. McCracken.

Rev. S. A. K. Francis, late of Trinity church, Passyunk, has accepted a call to the Petersburg (Y. S.) Lutheran charge.

Stock in the 1st National Bank of Gettysburg looking up. 5 Shares were sold at public sale, last week, belonging to the estate of Emanuel Butt, deceased, at \$100 75 per share—par \$100.

The following officers of the Gettysburg Gas Company were elected on Monday evening last week:

President—M. Jacobs, D. D.  
Managers—H. D. Wattles, A. D. Buehler, J. B. Danner, T. D. Cason, D. McCaughy, E. G. Falmeslock.

Among the patents issued at the Patent Office for the week ending Feb. 27, was one to DANIEL D. GIRT, Ardenstville, this county, for improvement in harvesters.

Pianos and Organs.  
We call particular attention to the Card of Mr. Bantz, of York, in our paper to-day, in regard to reductions in prices of Pianos, &c. Mr. Bantz is now in Gettysburg, tuning Pianos, and putting in order those under his charge. Persons desirous of having their pianos tuned or repaired, will leave orders at the residence of D. A. Buehler, Esq.

That clever landlord, Mr. McCausland, is about to retire from the "Central Hotel," Hanover, and will be succeeded by Mr. O'Donnell, of York. Mac's pleasant face will be missed here.

The Reynolds Monument.

We are very glad to be able to inform our readers, says the U. S. Gazette, that the contract has just been closed on behalf of the Gettysburg Battle-field Memorial Association, for the purchase of about five acres, the eastern portion of the grove in which Major General John P. Reynolds fell. The Board of Directors of the association authorized the purchase of the grove for the association, and the tender to the committee of his corps of the spot on which the brave and lamented Reynolds fell, as the site for the erection of the historical column which it proposes to build to his memory. The offer has been communicated to the committee acting on behalf of the corps, and there can be little doubt that the commendable purpose, common to both the corps and the association, will soon be carried out by the erection on this site of a suitable monument to the memory of General Reynolds, one of the bravest men, one of the best officers, one of the most popular and most lamented generals of the whole war. Although the corps propose to make the memorial to Reynolds exclusively their own, the public at large will be enabled to contribute to the general purposes of the Battle-field Association, and to the particular fund required for the purchase of this piece of ground. No persuasion can be needed to induce our citizens to do their share in perpetuating the glories and the triumphs of Gettysburg, and the opportunity to do it in this way will be grateful to all of them.

Gettysburg Granite.  
Mr. Hargrave, who had the contract to erect tombstones over the fallen Union dead in the Gettysburg National Cemetery, transported a quantity of our granite to Philadelphia, and has constructed a splendid monument of it, to the memory of Dr. Thomas R. Wilson, of that city. The monument is 23 feet in height, and weighs 17 tons. The base is 5 feet square. It will be placed in South Laurel Hill Cemetery. It is beautifully executed, with a number of appropriate mottoes on it. The stone of which the shaft is composed is taken from the very spot where Gen. Meade had cannon planted during the great battle of Gettysburg. The stone has been pronounced by a number of prominent stone-cutters in Philadelphia to be the best in the market. The Inquirer is of opinion that the splendid Battle Monument to be erected in the National Cemetery should by all means be composed of Gettysburg granite. We regret to learn that the Directors have determined on some Eastern granite for the Monument.

Uiram C. Wolf, Esq., President of the First National Bank at Mauch Chunk, committed suicide on Tuesday night last, by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. He was a man of unblemished character, of good social qualities, and beloved by the whole community in which he lived. No cause is assigned for the act.

A destructive fire took place in New York on the 5th. The storage warehouse of Johnson & Co., was destroyed. Two thousand bales of cotton were burned. The loss is half a million of dollars. It was the work of an incendiary.

Mr. R. F. McIlhenny has disposed of his farm in Highland township, being a portion of the McIlhenny Mill property, to Dr. Robert Horner, of this place. It is the Doctor's intention to build and improve the property.

Mr. Jacob Soukreev has sold his property in Berwick township, to Mr. Reuben Wolff, for \$1600 cash.

The large steam tannery, together with a large quantity of bark, belonging to Samuel A. Paul, of New Bloomfield, Perry county, were destroyed by fire, on Saturday morning week, at 8 o'clock. The fire was occasioned by a defective engine. There was an insurance of \$5000 on the property.

WASHINGTON COUNTY RAILROAD.—The contracts for the construction of this road, which is to run from a point on the line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Hagerstown, having been made, it is understood that on certain sections the work has already commenced. According to the terms of the contracts, the road is to be completed within one year.

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## THE UNION STATE CONVENTION.

The proceedings of the Union State Convention, held at Harrisburg on last Wednesday, which will be found in our columns to-day, possess an unusual degree of interest for our readers and the public generally. Of course, as the North American marks, the main question with everybody was as to the nomination for Governor, and in this respect the Convention has done what most persons foresaw from the beginning, in nominating Major General John W. Geary, one of the veteran soldiers of the late war. General Geary had a sufficiently honorable record to look back without needing to become Governor of this Commonwealth, and yet this will fittingly crown his life of public usefulness and glory, and attest the pride the old Keystone feels in her heroic sons. He commanded a Pennsylvania regiment in the Mexican war, through which conflict he served with distinction. Appointed Governor of Kansas by President Buchanan, after a series of predecessors, all of whom had failed more lamentably, he succeeded by his address and management in calming the troubled elements and establishing law and order where all had been misrule and disorder. Indeed, the first Governor of Kansas who seemed to be thoroughly master of the situation, and the ability he displayed in that office made him a man of mark in the republic.

The breaking out of the rebellion found General Geary in retirement, but his love for the Union and his soldierly instincts prevented him from remaining there. He raised a regiment of volunteers, mainly in Philadelphia, and these he led in many campaigns with such distinguished ability as to make his name once more conspicuous, so that he rapidly advanced to the command of a brigade, and finally of the famous White Star division of Sherman's glorious Army of the West. He commenced operations in the Shenandoah Valley, was in nearly every hard-fought battle, and at the bloody field of Gettysburg he was among the bravest of the brave. He was subsequently sent with his regiment to reinforce the western army before the great conflict by which Grant relieved Chattanooga. His first battle in the west was that of Lookout Mountain. But after that his record is that of Sherman's army, with which he marched and fought from first to last. When Sherman took Savannah he made General Geary Military Governor of the city; but when the army marched forward to its brilliant campaign in the Carolinas Geary was again with it. With such a record he comes before the people of the State, nominated for Governor by the party that fought for the Union from first to last. Though he had been a life-long Democrat, and he was separated from his friends by the war, he was not a great party man, and he was not a great party man. General Geary represents the unconditional Union sentiment of the State, while McClellan represents that sympathy with the rebellion which gave the government so much trouble during the war. Here is the issue. Who can doubt how the people will decide?

The Soldiers' Opinions.  
Gen. Grant has already emphatically declared in favor of Gen. Geary, and will throw all his influence for him. Gen. Logan, of Ill., and Gen. Burnside have expressed their willingness to take the stump and do battle beneath the banner of the capture of Savannah, and their companion in arms, Gen. Geary. Maj. Gen. Hancock, one of Pennsylvania's most brilliant heroes, with Gen. Meade, the hero of Gettysburg, are ready for his warm support, while with the soldiers of the State the gallant Geary is a tower of strength, and they will rally to the fight with all the eagerness they responded to his battle-cry on the bloody field.

On the 21st inst., Mr. McCaughy reported in Senate, an act to authorize the town council of the borough of Gettysburg to borrow money and collect taxes; also, An act to incorporate the Gettysburg Lithia Springs association; also, An act to release and vest the interest of this Commonwealth in the estate of Samuel Sadler, Jr., deceased, late of Adams county, in the brothers and sisters of the half blood of said decedent.

Fire.  
A block of fifteen buildings, including the Manor house, with stores and livery stables, were burned at Titusville, in the Oil region, on the night of the 7th inst. Insurance \$25,000.

On the same night, the residence of Jacob Baker, at Winchester, Va., was destroyed by fire—loss \$10,000, partially insured.

The town of Christiansburg, in the island of Santa Cruz, W. I., was visited by the most disastrous fire on the 5th inst., ever known there. Seventy-five buildings were consumed. One hundred and fifteen families have been rendered homeless—altogether about 500 people, most of them very poor. The loss is \$150,000, with no insurance. Large subscriptions have already been given for their relief.

The residence of Robert Given, Esq., at Mount Holly Springs, Cumberland county, was totally destroyed by fire, on Sunday night week. It caught from a spark from the chimney. He lost about \$1200 worth of furniture, on which he had \$600 insurance. On the building there was \$1500 insurance.

The election for Borough and Township officers will take place on Friday next. We hope our good Union friends will feel it an imperative duty to turn out en masse, and elect "good men and true" to all these offices. The times require such.

The earnest Union men at Washington are very much delighted at the nomination of Gen. Geary by our State Convention. He was there for many months upon court-martial service, and was universally esteemed for his superior ability and his fidelity to the Union cause.

Record Your Deeds.  
The attention of parties holding unrecorded deeds is directed to the provisions of the Act of Assembly which require that—

All deeds and conveyances for real estate in this Commonwealth shall be recorded in the office for Recording Deeds in the county where the lands lie, within six months after the execution of such deeds and conveyances; and every such deed or conveyance not so recorded as aforesaid, shall be adjudged FRAUDULENT AND VOID against any subsequent purchaser for a valuable consideration, unless such deed be recorded before the recording of or deed or conveyance under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim.

This is a very important notice, and those holding unrecorded deeds will do well to hasten to having them recorded without further delay.

Something New in Carlisle  
They have a Wholesale Grocery and Queens Store, that proposes to "fit up" any New Store that may open this Spring, with all they may want in their line at Importers' and Manufacturers' prices.

Remember you will save travelling expenses, boxing, portage, &c., by buying from WM. BLAIR & SON, South end, Carlisle, Pa.

N. B.—All unsatisfactory goods may be returned and the money refunded. [Feb. 27.—31\*]

The steamer Costa Rica arrived at New York on the 4th, from Aspinwall, bringing \$1,489,000 in treasure from California.

## UNION STATE CONVENTION.

GEN. GEARY NOMINATED ON THE FIRST BALLOT.

The Union State Convention assembled at Harrisburg on Wednesday last. There was a very full attendance of delegates, and the Hall was crowded to excess. The Convention was called to order by Hon. John Cessna, Chairman of the Union State Central Committee.

The morning session was occupied with preliminary business, the appointment of committees, &c. [Mr. McPherson was on the Resolution Committee.]

The afternoon session commenced at 5 o'clock. The officers of the Convention were then reported. Hon. John Cessna, of Westmoreland county, presided; assisted by a large number of Vice Presidents (amongst whom was Dr. Fubnestock) and Secretaries.

The Hon. Thomas E. Cochran, of York, chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, submitted the following as the resolutions adopted by the Committee, which were read with loud applause, and afterwards adopted by the Convention:

1. Resolved, That this Convention, representing the Union-loving and loyal people of Pennsylvania, who never despaired of the Republic, and who poured out millions of treasure and devoted yet more precious blood for the rescue of the country from the felonious attacks of a wicked and causeless rebellion—whose sons fought on every battle field, and suffered in every Southern prison pen of torture and starvation—whose noble dead lie on the soil of every State, where they fell under the folds of the national banner—here renew their pledges of unfaltering devotion to the Federal Union, and repeat their determined purpose that it shall be preserved.

2. Resolved, That the most imperative duty of the present is to gather the legitimate fruits of the war, in order that our Constitution may come out of the rebellion purified, our institutions strengthened, and our national life prolonged.

3. Resolved, That failure in these grave duties would be scarcely less criminal than would have been an acquiescence in secession, and in the treasonable machinations of the conspirators, and would be an insult to every soldier who took up arms to save the country.

4. Resolved, That filled with admiration at the patriotic devotion and fearless courage with which Andrew Johnson resisted and denounced the efforts of the rebels to overthrow the National Government, Pennsylvania rejoiced to express her entire confidence in his character and principles, and appreciation of his noble conduct, by bestowing her suffrage upon him for the second position in honor and dignity in the country; his bold and outspoken denunciations of the crime of treason, his arm demands, and his expressions of thorough sympathy with the friends of the Union, secured for him the warmest attachment of her people, who remembering his great services and sacrifices while traitors and their sympathizers alike denounced his patriotic action, appeal to him to stand firmly by the side and to repose upon the support of the loyal masses, whose votes formed the foundation of his promotion, and who pledged to him their unswerving support in all measures by which treason shall be stigmatized—loyalty recognized—and the freedom, stability and unity of the nation secured.

5. Resolved, That the work of restoring the late insurrectionary States to their proper relations to the Union, necessarily devolves upon the law making power, and that until such action shall be taken, no State, lately in insurrection, is entitled to representation in either branch of Congress; that, as preliminary to such action, it is the right of Congress to investigate for itself the condition of the legislation of those States, to inquire respecting their loyalty, and to prescribe the terms of restoration; and that to deny this necessary Constitutional power is to deny and imperil one of the dearest rights belonging to our representative form of government; and that we cordially approve of the action of the Union representatives in Congress from Pennsylvania on this subject.

6. Resolved, That no man who has voluntarily engaged in the late rebellion, or has held office under the rebel organization, should be allowed to sit in the Congress of the Union; and that the law—known as the test oath—should not be repealed, but should be enforced against all claimants for seats in Congress.

7. Resolved, That the national faith is sacredly pledged to the payment of the national debt incurred in the war to save the country, and to suppress rebellion, and that the people will not suffer this faith to be violated or impaired, but all debts incurred to support the rebellion were unlawful, void and of no obligation—shall never be assumed by the U. States, nor shall any State be permitted to pay any evidences of so vile and wicked engagements.

8. Resolved, That the public faith is not less solemnly pledged to the protection, in the enjoyment of their natural rights—of their persons, property and domestic relations—of the colored population who have been emancipated by the fiat of the people, and under the Providence of God; and who deserved liberty by their kindness and fidelity to our soldiers in prison, or wounded, or seeking escape from their tormentors, and by their courage in bearing arms for and fighting the battles of the Union. Even as man is more precious than money in every just account, so the honor of the nation is more sacredly engaged to these humble but never treacherous friends, than to those who hold their bonds stamped with the broad seal of the United States, that their freedom shall not be a mockery nor their just hopes of security, education and elevation in intellectual and moral improvement disappointed—and this faith must be kept inviolate.

9. Resolved, That protection to all branches of useful and productive industry is the only wise policy in our present national condition—is the true plan of restoring the losses and ravages of war—of advancing the national prosperity, increasing the national wealth, and supplying the means of maintaining the public faith with the public creditor, and ultimately wiping out the national debt; that in the provision of internal revenue and the laying of duties on im-

portations from foreign nations, the object should be to cause the former to press as highly upon, and the latter to protect as fully as possible our own citizens who are engaged in works of labor, mining, manufacturing and every other province of home industry, against unequal and unfair competition with foreign capital and policy, which neither contribute to develop the resources of our country, assist to pay our taxes, nor are concerned to maintain our Government or confirm our national power or authority, which, during the recent life struggle, they insidiously and maliciously strove to subvert.

10. Resolved, That the administration of the public affairs of Pennsylvania by Governor Andrew G. Curtin, during the years of trial, toil, responsibility and anxiety which have recently passed over us, has been marked by such patriotic devotion, unyielding courage, constant watchfulness, unwearied labor and shining ability, as have made his name illustrious in the annals of this Commonwealth, and given him a place in the affections and memory of the people which cannot be lost; his enviable title of "the soldier's friend" is in itself expressive of the highest eulogiums that could be pronounced on any public officer, and when his term of honorable, useful and most beneficial service shall close, he shall not be forgotten, but honor, love, affectionate remembrance and the plaudits of a grateful people shall cluster around his person, and make his name memorable.

11. Resolved, That this Convention congratulate the people of the State on the passage of a law relieving the real estate of the Commonwealth from taxation for State purposes, and tender to the members of the General Assembly their thanks for their considerate attention to relieve the popular burdens, while they confidently refer to it as a proof of the superior capacity of the Union organization for the beneficial conduct of public affairs, that after a long and exhausting war, the debt of Pennsylvania is reduced, and the taxes, imposed in a time of peace by their political opponents, are diminished by the judicious management of executive officers and a General Assembly chosen by the Union party.

12. Resolved, That the loyal people of Pennsylvania, having steadily manifested, through the war with the rebellion, their warm regard for the rights of the gallant defenders of the Union, and never having voted to refuse them the right of suffrage when in the camp and on the field—a right inestimable to them and formidable to traitors and their sympathizers only—we take pleasure in expressing, not now for the first time, their gratitude for their gallantry and devotion, and declaring again a long settled purpose to appropriate the means and resources of the Government to the comfort, consolation and support of the disabled survivors, or the widows and orphans of those who fell in the conflict.

13. Resolved, That the services, labors, consummate ability and unyielding faith in the destiny of the country manifested by the Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, as the head of the War Department during the rebellion, have been of incalculable value to the country, and entitle him to the warmest commendation of the people.

14. Resolved, That Congress should not fail to make an equitable adjustment of bounties and allowances to the brave men who were engaged in the military service of the country; and that we heartily approve of the liberal appropriation now pending in the Legislature of Pennsylvania for the care and education of the orphan children of the soldiers who gave their lives for the salvation of the Republic.

15. Resolved, That in this crisis of public affairs, full of grateful recollections of his marvellous and memorable services on the field of battle, we turn to the example of unfaltering and uncompromising loyalty of Lieut. Gen. Grant with a confidence not the less significant and unshaken, because at no period of our great struggle has his proud name been associated with a doubtful patriotism, or used for sinister purposes by the enemies of our common country.

16. RESOLVED, That any attempt by foreign nations to establish a monarchial government on this Continent, is evidence of a design to destroy the Republic. Regard for our own safety and for the future security of the Republic, demands that no such attempt should be permitted to succeed.

17. RESOLVED, That the Honorable Edgar Cowan, Senator from Pennsylvania, by his course in the Senate of the United States, has disappointed the hopes and has forfeited the confidence of those to whom he owes his place; and that he is hereby most earnestly requested to resign.

18. RESOLVED, That the State Central Committee be constituted by the appointment of a Chairman by the President of this Convention, in consultation with the Union candidate for Governor, and that the remainder of said Committee shall consist of one member from each county in the State, except that the city of Philadelphia shall have eight members, and the counties of Lancaster, Berks, Dauphin and Allegheny each two members, to be named by the representative delegates from said counties in this Convention; and that the Association of Loyal Pennsylvanians resident at Washington shall also be allowed one member, to be appointed by their delegates present.

The Convention then proceeded to the election of a candidate for Governor. On the first ballot, Gen. John W. Geary had 81 votes; Mr. Ketchum 30; Mr. Moorhead 19; and Gen. Harry White 3. Sixty-seven votes being necessary to a choice, Gen. JNO. W. GEARY, of Cumberland county, was declared the nominee amid great applause, and the nomination was made unanimous.

Hon. Thomas E. Cochran, of York, offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this Convention having completed its work by the nomination of Maj. Gen. John W. Geary for the office of Governor, cordially and confidently recommend him to the people of the State for their suffrages. His long devotion to the welfare and honor of his native State—his unqualified support of the principle of protection to American industry—his early espousal of the part of opposition to the extension of slavery over free territory, and his faithful attachment to the cause of human freedom, advancing with every opportunity to extend and enlarge the boon of liberty to the oppressed and enslaved—his

patriotism, valor and military skill first displayed in leading her sons to maintain the national controversy with Mexico, but signally and most gloriously in the deadly contest with armed treason on Southern soil, above the clouds, and in the grand march from Atlanta to the sea, as well as in the fierce and bloody battle on Pennsylvania soil at Gettysburg, when the haughty invader was hurled, defeated, from her borders—his pure integrity and high personal character—commend him for Chief Magistrate of this Commonwealth to all who honor sound principle, generous feeling and heroic conduct, and cherish grateful emotions toward those who exposed their lives for their country and to maintain the honor of its flag.

Mr. Hall, of Blair county, presented the following despatch from General Joseph Hooker, endorsing Gen. Geary, which was read amid loud applause:

New York, March 7, 1866.

To Hon. John W. Forney, Harrisburg, Pa.:—My acquaintance with General Geary is of long standing. I knew him in California, in Mexico, and during the rebellion. It gives me great pleasure to bear testimony to his most excellent character as a military leader, and an able man. I know of no officer who has performed his whole duty with more fidelity than General Geary.

JOSEPH HOOKER,  
Maj. Gen. Com'g.

A committee of three was then appointed to wait upon Gen. Geary and the gentlemen who were candidates before the Convention, and invite them to address the Convention.

During the absence of this committee, the Convention was addressed by the Hon. Mr. Marshall, of Allegheny, and others.

When the committee returned, the party was received by the Convention with the utmost enthusiasm.

General Geary having been conducted to the Speaker's chair, addressed the delegates in acknowledgment of the high honor conferred on him by their unanimous preference. He did not come before them vain enough to think that there was any personal superiority in himself over any of the other candidates named in connection with this nomination, but he did believe he was selected because he represented an element of strength in each community which had contributed to the salvation of the government during the hot blast of war for the last five years, and which would continue to contribute to the maintenance of the national authority inviolate, while freedom had a home in the United States and the name of God was worshipped in this country.

"This," said General Geary, "was not the time to enter on an elaborate discussion of the issues involved in the campaign about to be inaugurated, but this is the proper moment," said he, "to pledge a full and explicit solemn acquiescence in the principles enounced in the resolutions adopted by this Convention. Every word, every sentiment, every truth uttered in these resolutions, reflected his feelings and his will, his convictions, and are most worthy of his approval. He gloried to bear aloft a standard upon which was inscribed doctrine so sacred and principles so vital to the nation at large, and as he had battled beneath the flag of his country to maintain the national honor, so would he go forth to do fight beneath this banner for the glory and integrity of the Keystone State."

General Geary reiterated his thanks, and after paying a noble tribute to the great Union party of the State, pledged himself again to support the principles of the platform upon which he was placed. At the conclusion of his speech the members of the Convention and the spectators in the gallery and in the rotunda, greeted him with shouts of enthusiasm which shook the old building to its very foundations. The Convention then adjourned sine die.

State Central Committee.  
Frank S. Johnson, Peter Martin, George B. McGraw, John A. Bostand, Wm. S. Stokely, Isaac Huff, Henry W. Gray, John Williams, Henry Bunn, Hon. Henry Johnson, George B. McGraw, Hon. Henry Johnson, Charles P. Jones, Hon. Henry Johnson, John Mollineux, Hon. Henry Johnson, Hon. E. McPherson, Hon. Henry Johnson, John W. Stewart, Hon. Henry Johnson, Frank Meachling, John H. Hare, John H. Hare, William T. Davis, John H. Hare, Henry L. Hewitt, John H. Hare, William P. Wright, John H. Hare, B. J. Zeld, John H. Hare, S. R. Row, John H. Hare, R. E. Hamilton, John H. Hare, R. E. Ashley, John H. Hare, D. A. Beckley, John H. Hare, J. M. Weakley, John H. Hare, Gen. Thomas J. Jordan, John H. Hare, Col. Allen A. Craig, John H. Hare, Col. Peter A. Johns, John H. Hare, William Lewis, John H. Hare, Gen. Harry White, John H. Hare.

Dr. David Jayne, world-known for his medicines, died at Philadelphia on the 5th. He had accumulated an immense fortune. He had erected, within a few years past, some of the most elegant and substantial buildings in the city, of granite and marble, and was at the time of his death, about finishing a grand palatial mansion corner of Nineteenth and Chestnut streets, all of fine white West Chester marble, with great bay windows in front, a splendid portico at the side, and everything in the interior to correspond in grandeur, making it among the wonders of the town. He was about 60 years of age.

There has been, within the last ten days, a very great decline in all kinds of dry goods, in the New York market—in some instances 20 and 30 per cent. The market is very unsettled, with a continual downward tendency. This is owing to a fall in the price of gold, which, at our last quotation, was down to 131. We hope to get goods at decent prices ere long. They have been kept up "long enough for comfort."

Returns from the New York town elections, held during the month of February, show a net Union gain of twenty, or one-fifth of the aggregate Democratic strength of the previous year.

Letters from Washington, written by intelligent moderate men, indicate that there will neither be a breach between the President and the Republicans nor between the radical and conservative men of the party. Its unity will be preserved.

GARRISON'S STATION, N. Y., March 6.—Col. Powers, adjutant general on Lt. Gen. Grant's staff, was killed instantly by falling between the cars while attempting to get on the train just as it was starting from the station of the Hudson River Railroad this afternoon. General Grant ordered the remains to be sent to West Point in care of Major Hill.

William Gallaher, of Middletown, Ohio, packed this season 38 hogs, which averaged 492 lbs.; Mr. Potter, 18 head, averaging 478 lbs.; and Christian Ayman 6, averaging 404 lbs. Pretty stout animals!

Editorial Convention.  
A Convention of Union Editors of the State was held at Harrisburg last week, to consult and take measures for a hearty cooperation in the coming campaign. It was quite largely attended, and was a very pleasant gathering, we understand. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted by the Convention:

WHEREAS, We have an abiding faith in the principles upon which the great Union party of the loyal States twice elected Abraham Lincoln to preside over the destinies of the nation, and upon which that lauded patriot and statesman so successfully carried the Government through the most trying ordeal to which any people were ever subjected;

And whereas, These principles were fully accepted and endorsed by Andrew Johnson, in his acceptance of the nomination to the second office in the gift of the American people, by which he affirmed that the foundations of our Government should be fixed "on principles of eternal justice which will endure for all time;" that in the reconstruction of the rebellious States "reason must be made odious and traitors punished"—that the men who voluntarily gave their means and influence to destroy the Government, should not be allowed to participate in the great work of reorganization, and that the traitor even "forfeited his right to vote with loyal men when he renounced his citizenship and sought to destroy our Government;" therefore,

Resolved, That in the future, as in the past, we will adhere to these principles because we regard them as those only which will "fix the foundations of our government on the principles of eternal justice, which will endure for all time."

Resolved, That ours being a republican form of government deriving its powers directly from the people, it is the duty of all loyal citizens to sustain their Senators and Representatives in Congress, and that while in this crisis, we counsel moderation, we will give them our hearty support in a fair and faithful discharge of their duties to the loyal people of the nation.

Resolved, That we have full confidence in the integrity, patriotism and discernment of Congress, who have faithfully labored to maintain what we believe to be the true interests of the loyal people of all the States; that they alone have the right to determine the question of reconstruction of the States lately in rebellion, and to judge of the qualifications of members asking admission to either branch.

Resolved, That it is the imperative interest as well as the duty of every nation to protect its labor, which creates the wealth and adds to the grandeur of the country. We, therefore, earnestly call upon Congress to so adjust the present tariff that it will protect our different branches of industry, and at the same time, yield its proportionate revenue to the coffers of the Government.

Resolved, That we would earnestly recommend to Congress such a change in the rates of the present tariff, in connection with internal taxation, that will give ample protection to all branches of American industry, and thus remove the question as far as possible from legislation, which always unsettles business and deters investment of capital, by authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to increase duties to a certain percentage wherein our importations are excessive, until our exportations exceed the importations, thus adopting a sliding scale, which will secure an equality of trade with other nations, and keep our coin at home as a basis for resumption when it is prudent to do so without unnecessarily contracting our currency, or disturbing the business of the country.

Resolved, That inasmuch as the influence of the press depends largely upon the liberality, dignity and impartiality with which it may be conducted, we earnestly urge upon our brethren of the Republican press the importance of upholding the character of the profession, and establishing its position as the instructor and leader of the people.

Democratic Nomination.  
The Democratic State Convention assembled at Harrisburg on the 5th inst. On the fourth ballot, HENRY CLYMER, Esq., of Berks county, was nominated as their candidate for Governor.

A series of resolutions were adopted declaring that the States lately in rebellion are integral parts of the Union, and are entitled to representation in Congress by men duly elected, who bear true faith to the Constitution and laws; that the faith of the republic is pledged to the payment of the national debt, and the necessary laws should be passed; that obedience is due to the Constitution of the United States, including the amendment prohibiting slavery; that each State has the right to regulate the qualifications of its own citizens; that the white race alone is entitled to the control of the government; that President Johnson, for his policy of restoration and the Freedmen's Bureau veto, is entitled to the confidence and support of all who respect the Constitution and love their country; that the nation owes to the army and navy a debt of lasting gratitude, and that Congress should equalize the bounties of the soldiers and sailors.

Mr. CLYMER's record during the rebellion is one which never can recommend him to the support of the good loyal man and the soldier; and he is so far beneath the brave and gallant Geary in all that touches the heart, as to love for, and energy in sustaining, our beloved country in its fearful struggle for its glory and its unity, that he will feel the condemnation of an insulted people, and cover before the noble soldier, who breasted the fearful storm of rebel desperation on the heights of Gettysburg, and drove back the foe.